

## **OFFICE PRACTICE**

## **EXAMINATION SCHEME**

There will be two papers, Paper 1 and Paper 2, which will constitute a composite paper and will be taken at a sitting.

**PAPER 1:** Will consist of fifty multiple choice objective questions, all of which should be answered within one hour for 50 marks.

**PAPER 2:** Will consist of a question on a simple case study and six other essay type questions. Candidates will be required to answer the question on the case study and any four of the other questions. The paper will carry 100 marks and last for 2 hours 10 minutes.

## **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

S/N	CONTENTS	NOTES		
1.	THE OFFICE	i. Definition of the office.		
		ii. Functions of the office.		
		iii. Layout of the office.		
		iv. Principles of office organization.		
		(a) Span of control,		
		(b) Unity of control,		
		(c) Unity of function, etc.		
		v. Office procedures.		
		vi. Sections of the office.		
2.	DEPARTMENTS IN	i. List of departments in an organization.		
	AN ORGANIZATION	ii. Functions of each department in an		
		organization.		
		iii. Organizational chart.		
3.	OFFICE	i. Meaning of office equipment.		
	EQUIPMENT	ii. Types of office equipment.		
		Manual:		
		(a) Typewriter,		
		(b) Perforator,		
		(c) Stapling machine,		
		(d) Duplicating machine, etc.		
		Electrical:		
		(a) Typewriter,		
		(b) Photocopier,		
		(c) Shredding machine,		
		(d) Computer,		



		(e) Scanning machine,		
		(f) Facsimile machine, etc.		
		iii. Uses of office equipment.		
		iv. Care of office equipment.		
4.	THE RECEPTION	i. Meaning of the reception.		
7.	THE RECEITION	ii. Duties of the receptionist.		
		iii. Documents handled by a receptionist.		
		iv. Qualities of a receptionist		
5.	OFFICE	v. Procedures for handling telephone calls.  i Meaning of office documents.		
3.	DOCUMENTS	ii Types of office documents.		
	DOCUMENTS	(a)Administrative		
		(b) Sales		
		(c) Stores		
		(d) Purchasing		
		iii. Uses of office documents.		
		iv Preparation of office documents.		
6.	OFFICE	i. Meaning of office correspondence.		
0.	CORRESPONDENCE	ii. Types of office correspondence.		
		(a) Memos,		
		(b) Business letters,		
		(c) Notice of meetings,		
		(d) Minutes of meetings,		
		(e) Reports,		
		(f) Circulars.		
7.	MAIL	i. Types of mail:		
		(a) Personal mail,		
		(b) Official mail,		
		(c) Urgent mail,		
		(d) Confidential mail		
		ii. Classification of mail:		
		(a) incoming mail,		
		(b) Outgoing mail.		
		iii. Procedures for handling incoming and		
		outgoing mail.		
8.	FILING	i. Definition of filing.		
		ii. Systems of filing.		
		(a) Vertical,		
		(b) Lateral,		
		(c) Electronic.		
		iii. Classifications of filing		
		(a) Alphabetical,		
		(b) Chronological,		
		(c) Numerical,		
		(d) Geographical,		



(e) Alpha-numerical.			1
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(f) Subject			
Purposes of filing.	iv.		
Steps involved in filing.	v.		
Filing equipment.	vi.		
Definition of communication	i.	COMMUNICATION	9.
Importance of communication.	ii.		
Types of communication	iii.		
(a) Verbal			
- Oral			
- Written			
(b) Non verbal			
- Visual			
- Audio			
- Audio-visual			
Methods/Media of communication	iv.		
(a) Print (newspapers, magazines,			
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<u> </u>	v.		
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Communication (GSM)			
Definition of meeting.	i.	MEETINGS	10.
Purpose of meeting	ii.		
Types of meeting	iii.		
(a) Statutory meeting,			
(b) Emergency meeting,			
(c) Board meeting,			
(d) Management meeting,			
(e) Annual General Meeting,			
(f) Staff meeting,			
(g) Committee meeting.			
Procedure for conducting a meeting	iv.		
(a) Opening prayer,			
(b) Agenda,			
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Methods/Media of communication  (a) Print (newspapers, magazines, directories, handbills, flyers, etc.)  (b) Electronic (radio, television, audio and video conferencing, etc)  Communication service providers:  (a) NIPOST,  (b) NITEL,  (c) Media houses  (d) Satellite stations  (e) The internet  (f) Global System of Mobile Communication (GSM)  Definition of meeting.  Purpose of meeting  Types of meeting  (a) Statutory meeting,  (b) Emergency meeting,  (c) Board meeting,  (d) Management meeting,  (e) Annual General Meeting,  (f) Staff meeting,  (g) Committee meeting.  Procedure for conducting a meeting  (a) Opening prayer,	i. ii. iii.	MEETINGS	10.

			(g) Matters arising from the last minutes,
			(h) Main business,
			(i) Any other business (AOB),
			(j) Chairman's closing remarks,
			(k) Adjournment/ closing,
			(l) Closing prayer.
		v.	Meeting Terminologies:
			(a) Agenda,
			(b) Adoption,
			(c) A O B.
			(d) Adjournment, etc.
		vi.	Roles of the chairman/secretary
		vii.	Writing the minutes.
11.	REPORT WRITING	i.	Meaning of report.
		ii.	Types of report – Formal
			(a) Short report
			(b) Long report
			(c) Investigative report
			(d) Routine/Periodic
		iii.	Parts of a report.
		iv.	Importance of report writing.
12.	INFORMATION	i.	Definition of information.
		ii.	Types of information.
		iii.	Uses of information.
		iv.	Sources of information.
		v.	Storage of information.
		vi.	Qualities of good information
			(a) Timeliness,
			(b) Accuracy,
			(c) Speed of delivery,
			(d) Usability, etc.

## SUGGESTED READING TEXT

Modern Office Practice for Vocational Business Students By Amadin, M.S.